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THE CANADIAN ANNUAL REVIEW OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS, 1911. By J. Castell Hopkins. (Toronto, Annual Review Publishing Co., 1912. Pp. 672+120. \$3.50.)

Another volume of this important reference book will be welcomed by a wide class of readers. While primarily for Canadians as a great annual review of Canada, its usefulness in the United States is hardly less. It shows the Canadian reaction on things American. One hundred and forty-one pages are devoted to the subject of reciprocity with the United States. Of especial interest in the Pacific Northwest is the article on British Columbia and the Yukon. The report carries a list of Canadian books published in 1911.

KANSAS HISTORICAL COLLECTIONS, VOLUME XII. (Topeka, State Printing Office, 1912. Pp. 569.)

Our readers will find an interest in the article by George H. Himes, of the Oregon Historical Society, on "Crossing the Plains," occupying pages 261 to 269. The editor of the volume has kept well within the special field of Kansas history, but one other feature making an appeal to the farthest West. That is "The West; Its Place in American History," by John Lee Webster. This occupies pages 25 to 36.

ECOLOGICAL AND ECONOMIC NOTES ON PUGET SOUND KELPS. By George B. Rigg. (Washington, Government Printing Office, 1912.)

Professor Rigg's article appears in the Report of the Secretary of Agriculture on the fertilizer resources of the United States, submitted by Congress by President Taft and published as Senate Document No. 190 in the second session of the Sixty-second Congress. We are concerned with Appendix L of the large report found on pages 179 to 193 and with plates 9 to 18 and maps 1 to 3. People living in the Pacific Northwest will be interested in following this study of a resource heretofore wholly unknown as being of any economic value.

ELEMENTS OF THE KATO LANGUAGE. By Pliny Earle Goddard. (Berkeley, University of California Press, 1912. Pp. 176. \$2.00.)

This work is one more in the lengthening list of highly technical works being issued by the University of California on the archaeology and ethnology of the Pacific Coast. The book carries forty-five plates, showing the nasal and laryngeal vibrations in uttering the sounds of the language when spoken. A survey of the book leaves the impression that certainly here has been attained the limit as to minuteness of accuracy.